Initiatives such as local citizens’ assemblies can help improve civic participation mechanisms. Building better communication channels about reforms’ implementation and how to access available public services could nurture civic trust in institutions.

People in Sloviansk feel heard by different socio-demographic and political groups but have less contact with these groups compared to other cities. Recommended interventions should create safe spaces for meaningful interaction and dialogue to strengthen community bonds and build convergences about the future direction of the community/country (e.g. community collectives and livelihood programmes).

*Cities were selected based on the DG EAST programmatic interest:
Mariupol, Kramatorsk, Lysychansk, Sloviansk, Bakhmut, Kostiantynivka, Pokrovsk, Druzhkivka, Starobilsk, Popasna, Stanytsia Luhanska, Mariinka, Sievierodonetsk, Melitopol, Berdyansk.
A total of 3000 respondents were sampled in 15 cities (200 per city).
SATISFACTION WITH CITY LIFE

**Sloviansk**

15 cities*

SAFETY & SECURITY

- Health Security: 5.3
- Political Security: 5.1
- Personal Security: 4.6
- Economic Security: 4.5
- Environmental Security: 4.1

SERVICES & EMPLOYMENT

- Provision of Public Services: 6.5
- Provision of Infrastructure: 6.2
- Employment Opportunities: 3.4

PRIDE IN YOUR LOCALITY

- When you think about your locality, to what extent are you proud of the following?
  - Famous People: 7.8
  - Traditions: 7.5
  - Hospitality: 7.3
  - Cuisine: 7.1
  - Creativity: 6.8
  - Cultural Heritage: 6.4
  - Nature: 5.8
  - Community Bonds: 4.5
  - Safety and Security: 3.3
  - Industry and Production: 3.2

LOCALITY SATISFACTION

(in terms of jobs, leisure activities and raising children)

- Satisfaction with the state of environment and air quality: 6.0
- Sensation with political security: 5.8

INDIVIDUAL SKILLS

- Leadership Skills: 4.6
- Negotiation Skills: 5.1
- Critical Thinking: 6.5

**Sloviansk**

5 cities*

Although employment opportunities in Sloviansk are slightly higher compared to other cities, the economic environment is not positive. 68% of citizens in Sloviansk believe that the economy in their locality and business investments are not growing.

To motivate passive citizens, concentrate on small scale civic initiatives relevant to their sense of pride that bring immediate benefit to the community.

CIVIC BEHAVIOUR

- 45% Active
  - Willing to use political and social means of action without violence
- 2% Violent
  - Willing to use violence
- 53% Passive
  - Not willing to do anything

*S CITIES WERE SELECTED BASED ON THE DG EAST PROGRAMMATIC INTEREST: Mariupol, Kramatorsk, Lysychansk, Sloviansk, Bakhmut, Kostiantynivka, Pokrovsk, Druzhkivka, Starobilsk, Popasna, Stanytsia Luhanska, Mariinka, Sievierodonetsk, Melitopol, Berdyansk.

A total of 3000 respondents were sampled in 15 cities (200 per city).

City profiles are part of the SCORE for Eastern Ukraine 2019 project funded by the USAID, implemented by the Centre for Sustainable Peace and Democratic Development (SeeD), and in partnership with the UN Recovery and Peacebuilding Programme. The contents of this research do not necessarily reflect the views of USAID, the United States Government or UN. For more information, please visit www.scoreforpeace.org.